

TABLE 2. Fuels and Electric Energy Used by Geographic Area:
1963 and Earlier Years-Continued

(1963, 1958, and 1954 data exclude stone, clay, and gypsum mines operated as parts of manufacturing establishments. 1939 includes such data but excludes data for service industries)

Division, State, and year	Total energy used (million kw ^h equivalent)	Selected fuels used			Electric energy (million kw ^h)	
		Coal (1,000 short tons)	Fuel oils (1,000 barrels)	Gas (million cu. ft.)	Purchased	Generated and used
Pacific						
Alaska						
Continued						
1963	644					
1958	652		112		18	21
1954	677		73		1	40
1939	(NA)	52	89		(NA)	50
Hawaii						
1963	43	58	(NA)	10	(NA)	50
1958	64	(D)	6	2	5	(NA)
1954	19	(NA)	85	(NA)	(Z)	(Z)
	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)

Standard Notes: - Represents zero. (D) Withheld to avoid disclosing figures for individual companies. (NA) Not available. (X) Not applicable. (Z) Less than one-half of the unit of measure specified.

Represents purchased electric energy and the kilowatt-hour equivalent of all fuels used for power or heat. For conversion factors used to convert to this international unit of energy see Introduction, Energy Used.

Represents purchased fuels and fuels produced and used in the same establishment for power or heat. Also, for 1963 and 1939, the quantity of gasoline was collected and, for 1958 and 1954, the cost of other fuels. In comparing the 1963 and 1958 fuels quantities with those for earlier years, note that quantity data were requested for fewer establishments in 1963 and 1958 and an undistributed fuels cost was tabulated for establishments reporting no fuels detail. For the magnitude of this undistributed cost by State in 1963, see table 4. The gasoline quantity, and cost of other fuels and undistributed fuels were used in computing the total energy used.

The United States total includes, but detail excludes, data for a few establishments for which statistics could not be included in the individual State figures.

Excludes data for Alaska and Hawaii.